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WASHINGTON, D.C. 20554

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In the Matter of	
Implementation of Sections 309(j) and	WT Docket No. 99-87
337 of the Communications Act of 1934	
as Amended)	
Promotion of Spectrum Efficient Technologies)	
on Certain Part 90 Frequencies	
Establishment of Public Service Radio Pool)	
in the Private Mobile Frequencies Below	
800 MHz	

REPLY COMMENTS OF COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY

By:

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Dated: September 30, 1999

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

There was an unusual level of unanimity in the comments filed in this proceeding with regard to opposing the FCC's use of auctions to issue licenses in the private radio services. On the preliminary issue of establishing mutual exclusivity, many commenters agreed with Commonwealth Edison Company that there would be no net advantage over the existing system, which has worked well to establish a high level of efficiency in spectrum use.

There was no serious dispute in the comments that power utilities such as

Commonwealth Edison Company would fall within the public safety radio services

exemption in the event that the FCC were to employ auctions. Additionally, the

commenters properly pointed out the impracticality of segregating particular

communications by exempt entities and supported the notion that the exemption should

apply to all communications of an exempt entity. Despite the proposal set forth by certain

commenters, there is no basis to exclude non-profit cost shared operations from the

exemption based on the fact that those systems may be interconnected. There was

otherwise significant support for including non-profit cost shared operations within the

exemption. Finally, the comments failed to address the intrinsic problems associated with

the FCC's band manager concept and, consequently, that concept should be abandoned by

the FCC.

BEFORE THE Federal Communications Commission WASHINGTON, D.C. 20554

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REPLY COMMENTS OF COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY

Pursuant to § 1.415¹ of the rules of the Federal Communications Commission ("Commission" or "FCC"), Commonwealth Edison Company ("ComEd"), hereby submits Reply Comments in response to the Comments filed in the above-captioned proceeding.²

INTRODUCTION

ComEd notes that the overwhelming majority of commenters in this proceeding oppose the institution of auctions in the private land mobile services, as ComEd did.

⁴⁷ C.F.R. § 1.415.

In the Matter of Implementation of Sections 309(j) and 337 of the Communications Act of 1934 as Amended, Promotion of Spectrum Efficient Technologies on Certain Part 90 Frequencies, Establishment of Public Service Radio Pool in the Private Mobile Frequencies Below 800 MHz, WT Docket No. 99-87, Notice of Proposed Rule Making (Released March 25, 1999) (the "NPRM").

Furthermore, ComEd submits that there was no disagreement with regard to ComEd's position on the scope of the "public safety radio services" exemption and little dispute on its views concerning the "band manager" concept and the commercialization of private spectrum. ComEd submits that the near unanimity in the voluminous comments in this proceeding is a compelling indication that a new licensing scheme in the private services is not appropriate. ComEd therefore continues to urge the FCC not to institute auctions in the private services, not to establish band managers, nor in any way restrict the eligibility of otherwise exempt non-profit cost sharing operations.

DISCUSSION

I. OBLIGATION TO AVOID MUTUAL EXCLUSIVITY

In its comments in this proceeding, ComEd argued that the FCC may not establish mutual exclusivity in licensing unless it would be in the public interest to do so. It is ComEd's position that, for this purpose, the "public interest" is to be construed broadly, rather than in terms of the limited categories established in Section 309(j)(6)(E). ComEd agrees with those commenters that contend that the FCC's *initial* obligation is to avoid mutual exclusivity in the public interest and, if it cannot do so, then seek the public interest objectives set forth in Section 309(j)(6)(E).

The comments overwhelmingly opposed auctions and generally were consistent with ComEd's fundamental position concerning the establishment of mutual exclusivity, the predicate for the FCC's auction authority, in the private radio services. Specifically,

³ Comments of the Land Mobile Communications Council (LMCC) at 5, The Private Internal Radio Service Coalition (PIRC) at 7 and the Personal Communications Industry

the commenters addressing the issue largely agree that establishing mutual exclusivity would run counter to the public interest, which the FCC must attempt to further in its allocation of spectrum. For example, LMCC noted in its comments that the current licensing scheme has worked well to establish a high level of efficiency in spectrum use in the private services. The American Petroleum Institute (API), CellNet Data Systems, Inc. (CellNet), Forest Industries Telecommunications, ITA and the North Texas

Communications Council and others expressed similar positions in their comments. Comments and urges the FCC to recognize that the benefits of the current licensing system in the private radio services militate against the implementation of a mutually exclusive licensing scheme.

ComEd submits that the comments of Nextel do not address the critical issue of the FCC's obligation to avoid mutual exclusivity. In arguing for the broad use of auctions as a licensing mechanism, Nextel concludes that Section 309(j) "requires the FCC to assign all non-public safety licenses...via auction." Nextel's position is incorrect and overlooks Congress's clear mandate, specifically emphasized in the 1997 Budget Act, to avoid mutual exclusivity. The FCC's auction authority is limited by *both* the obligation to avoid mutual exclusivity and by the public safety radio services exemption.

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Association (PCIA) at 4.

⁶ Comments of Nextel at 3.

⁴ Comments of LMCC at 4.

⁵ Comments of API at 12, CellNet at 6, Forest Industries Telecommunications at 5, ITA *et al.* at 16, North Texas Communications Council at 3.

II. THE SCOPE OF THE PUBLIC SAFETY RADIO SERVICES EXEMPTION

A. Coverage of Utilities

ComEd notes that there was no serious dispute in the comments that power utilities fall within the intended scope of the public safety radio services exemption, with the possible exception of Nextel's comments, which used the somewhat ambiguous term "public safety services" in connection with the exemption. ComEd submits that the legislative history of the 1997 Budget Act makes plain Congress's intention with regard to utilities and ComEd urges the FCC to include utilities within the exemption, should the FCC determine to auction spectrum that they occupy.

B. Communications Covered

ComEd agrees with those commenters that recognized the impracticality of not applying the public safety radio service exemption to all communications of these licensees. The Critical Infrastructure Industries (CII) and LMCC, for example, correctly point out that much, if not all, of the activities supported by utility radio systems impact upon the safe operation of their infrastructure, directly or indirectly. Furthermore, as Central and South West Corporation (CSW) and Minnesota Power, Inc. point out, it would be impractical to segregate on an otherwise exempt network communications that may not be directly or immediately related to safety. The FCC should extend the public safety radio services exemption generally to licensees that meet the criteria, rather than to certain communications.

⁷ Comments of Nextel at 2.

⁸ Comments of CII at 13 and LMCC at 6.

C. Coverage of Non-Profit Cost Sharing Operations

ComEd agrees with the numerous commenters that support the inclusion of non-profit cost sharing operations within the public safety radio services exemption. ComEd takes issue, however, with the proposal set forth by certain commenters that the public safety radio services exemption should apply only to systems that are not interconnected. There is, ComEd submits, no logical reason to exclude otherwise exempt non-profit shared systems on the basis of interconnection, which is frequently a critical aspect of utility, and thus public safety radio service communications. Interconnected operations do not constitute commercial operations and the public safety radio service exemption should apply equally to entities that operate exclusive systems and those that engage in non-profit sharing.

III. THE BAND MANAGER CONCEPT

A number of entities included discussions of the "band manager" concept in their comments. For the reasons set forth in its original comments, ComEd continues to oppose the introduction of this concept to the private radio services. The proposals of the commenting parties notwithstanding, the band manager concept would inevitably cede improper authority to parties with interests that necessarily conflict with those of incumbent licensees. There is, ComEd submits, no way to implement the concept without this fundamental problem and, as such, the FCC should abandon it.

⁹ Comments of CSW at 2 and Minnesota Power, Inc. at 2-3.

¹⁰ Comments of American Electric Power Service Corporation at 3, American Mobile Telephone Association at 8, American Water Works Association at 7, Arizona Public Service Company at 3, CII at 16-17, ITA *et al.* at 10, LMCC at 8, USMSS at 10 and UTC at 14.

CONCLUSION

The overwhelming opposition to auctions in the comments to this proceeding demonstrates the extent to which auctions are ill suited to the private radio services. In the Balanced Budget Act of 1997, Congress made clear that auctions should not be automatically implemented in response to the FCC's modified auction authority. The comments have demonstrated that the private radio services operate with a high degree of spectrum efficiency under the current framework. Based on the unique characteristics of operations in those services, the institution of auctions and/or band managers, or any restriction on non-profit, cost sharing operations would have significant adverse consequences without yielding any appreciable benefits.

WHEREFORE, THE PREMISES CONSIDERED, Commonwealth Edison Company respectfully asks the Commission to act in the public interest in accordance with the proposals set forth herein.

Respectfully submitted,

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Dated: September 30, 1999

¹¹ Comments of ITA et al. at 15 and The USMSS, Inc at 10.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Christine S. Biso, do hereby certify that on this 30th day of September 1999, a copy of the foregoing "Reply Comments of Commonwealth Edison Company" was hand-delivered to each of the following:

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